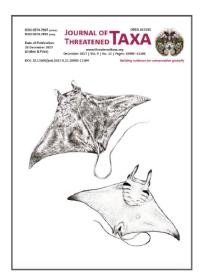
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NOTE

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LARGEST FUNGAL FRUIT BODY FROM INDIA

Manoj Kumar¹, Prahlad Singh Mehra², N.S.K. Harsh³, Amit Pandey⁴ & Vijay Vardhan Pandey⁵

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Phellinus pachyphloeus (Pat.) Pat. syn. Inonotus pachyphloeus (Pat.) T. Wagner & M. Fisch. is a species of polypore fungi in the family Hymenochaetaceae. It is both parasitic and saprophytic, that causes sap and heart rot in angiosperms especially species of Ficus and Mangifera (Bakshi 1971; Sharma 1995) and produces white stringy rot. This fungus usually produces large fruit bodies mostly bigger than other fungi in Hymenochaetaceae and Polyporaceae (Sharma 1995). If conditions are optimal, this fungus forms very large fruit bodies. In literature, given fruit body sizes are 16-20 x 10-14 x 16-20 cm (Bakshi 1971), 25 x 45 x 10 cm (Ryvarden & Johansen 1980), 25 x 45 x 10 cm (Larsen & Cobb-Poulle 1990), 80 x 60 x 10-20 cm (Sharma 1995). In the field, it is very easy to recognize, with its larger fruit body, a thick crust and yellowish-brown punky context. Microscopically it is recognized by acute and wide setal hyphae (Bakshi 1971; Ryvarden & Johansen 1980; Sharma 1995).

In the present study, the fruit body measured 151 x 142 x 57 cm and had a circumference of 428cm (Image 1), which has not been reported elsewhere. It was recorded from the Kalsi bypass near Barotiwala in Dehradun (30.43250000 N & 77.79111111 E) on 13 September 2015 as parasitic on a Mango tree *Mangifera indica*. Its age was estimated approximately 20 years

but according to the owner of the house where the tree was located, it was 22–25 years. A fruiting body of this size is extremely unique and rare yet it was not detached from its host earlier to maintain conservation and to let the fungus continue its majestic growth. Till date no fungal fruit body of this size has been recorded from India. This



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is the second largest fungal fruit body ever recorded after *Fomitiporia ellipsoidea* B.K. Cui & Y.C. Dai (Dai & Cui 2011; Walker 2011) syn. *Phellinus ellipsoideus* B.K. Cui, Y.C. Dai & Decock from Hainan Island, China which measured 1,085cm. The recorded fruit body is slightly bigger than *Rigidoporus ulmarius* (Sowerby) Imazeki found in Kew Gardens of United Kingdom that measured 150 x 133 cm with circumference of 425cm (Tribe 2003). *Fomitiporia ellipsoidea* B.K. Cui & Y.C. Dai was a resupinate fruit body, so the present record can be attributed as being the largest pileated fungal fruit body from the world.

A visit was again made in March 2017 to re-measure its growth but unfortunately the tree had fallen and the fruit body had deteriorated as informed to us by the owner of the house.

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Image 1. Author (MK) standing near giant fruit body. © Author.

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Communications

Nyctibatrachus mewasinghi, a new species of night frog (Amphibia: Nyctibatrachidae) from Western Ghats of Kerala, India -- Keerthi Krutha, Neelesh Dahanukar & Sanjay Molur, Pp. 10985-

An interview-based survey to determine the conservation status of Softshell Turtles (Reptilia: Trionychidae) in the Irrawaddy Dolphin Protected Area, Myanmar

-- Steven G. Platt, Tint Lwin, Naing Win, Htay Lin Aung, Kalyar Platt & Thomas R. Rainwater, Pp. 10998–11008

Notes on taxonomy and captive development of the Rattus andamanensis (Blyth, 1860) (Rodentia: Muridae) from southern Andamans, India

-- S.S. Talmale & T. Bharathimeena, Pp. 11009-11015

Review and analysis of human and Mugger Crocodile conflict in Gujarat, India from 1960 to 2013

-- Raju Vyas & Colin Stevenson, Pp. 11016–11024

Status of conflict mitigation measures in Nilambur, Western Ghats of Kerala, India

-- C.K. Rohini, T. Aravindan, K.S. Anoop Das & P.A. Vinayan, Pp. 11025-11032

Short Communications

Notes on the taxonomy and distribution of two endemic and threatened dipterocarp trees from the Western Ghats of Kerala,

-- M.S. Sanil, V.B. Sreekumar, K.A. Sreejith, A.J. Robi & T.K. Nirmesh, Pp. 11033-11039

Phenology and seed germination of the Indian Screw Tree Helicteres isora L. (Malvales: Malvaceae)

-- Mariappan Muthukumar, Thiruppathi Senthil Kumar & Mandali Venkateswara Rao, Pp. 11040-11044

Additions to the sea snail fauna (Mollusca: Gastropoda: Opisthobranchia) of Lakshadweep Islands, India

-- B.K. Sneha Chandran, R. Ravinesh & A. Biju Kumar, Pp. 11045-

Preliminary checklist of springtails (Arthropoda: Collembola) of Uttar Pradesh, India

-- Ramesh Singh Yadav, Pp. 11054-11059

A new species of zygaenid moth Elcysma ziroensis (Lepidoptera: Zygaenidae: Chalcosiinae) from India

-- Punyo Chada, Monsoon Jyoti Gogoi & James John Young, Pp. 11060-11066

Dragonflies and damselflies of University of North Bengal campus, West Bengal, India with new distribution record of Agriocnemis kalinga Nair & Subramanian, 2014

-- Aaratrik Pal, Pp. 11067-11073

A first record of the Bentfin Devil Ray Mobula thurstoni (Lloyd, 1908) (Myliobatiformes: Mobulidae) from the Indian EEZ of the Andaman Sea

-- Swapnil Shivdas Shirke, M. Nashad, Monalisha Devi Sukham & H.D. Pradeep, Pp. 11074–11080

First records of the Indo-Pacific Finless Porpoise Neophocaena phocaenoides (G. Cuvier, 1829) (Cetartiodactyla: Phocoenidae) from Sri Lanka

-- Ranil P. Nanayakkara, Thomas A. Jefferson & Sandaruwan Abayaratne, Pp. 11081-11084

Notes

Largest fungal fruit body from India

-- Manoj Kumar, Prahlad Singh Mehra, N.S.K. Harsh, Amit Pandey & Vijay Vardhan Pandey, Pp. 11085-11086

Ichthyofauna of Udayasamudram Reservoir in Nalgonda District, Telangana State, India

-- Rachamalla Shyamsundar, Kante Krishna Prasad & Chelmala Srinivasulu, Pp. 11087-11094

First record of migratory Grey-necked Bunting Emberiza buchanani Blyth, 1844 (Aves: Passeriformes: Emberizidae) as a winter visitor in Tiruchirappalli District, Tamil Nadu, India

-- T. Siva & P. Neelanarayanan, Pp. 11095-11096

New distribution records of Elegant Water Shrew Nectogale elegans Milne-Edwards, 1870 (Mammalia: Eulipotyphla: Soricidae) from the western Himalaya, Uttarakhand, India

-- Aashna Sharma, Vandana Rajput, Vineet K. Dubey, Aavika Dhanda, Shagun Thakur, J.A. Johnson, S. Sathyakumar & K. Sivakumar, Pp. 11097-11099

The persistence of the Striped Hyena Hyaena hyaena Linnaeus, 1758 (Mammalia: Carnivora: Hyaenidae) as a predator of Olive Ridley Sea Turtle Lepidochelys olivacea Eschscholtz, 1829 (Reptilia: Testudines: Cheloniidae) eggs

-- Divya Karnad, Pp. 11100-11102

Book Review

Book review: A Photographic Guide -- Endemic Woody Plants of The Western Ghats

-- Jis Sebastian, Pp. 11103-11104



