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Butterflies of Kedarnath Musk Deer Reserve, Garhwal Himalaya, India

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Introduction

Abstract: A checklist of 147 species of butterflies recorded from Kedarnath Musk Deer Reserve in Chamoli and Rudraprayag districts of Uttarakhand state in India, studied during May 2006 - September 2008 is given along with their seasonality, altitudinal distribution and relative abundance in the study area.

Keywords: Broad leaved forest, butterflies, moist temperate, seasonality, Western Himalaya

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Kedarnath Musk Deer Reserve (KMDR) was created in 1972 and is situated 300 km north of Delhi, covering an area of 975km². This sanctuary lies in the catchment of Alaknanda river, which is a major tributary of the upper reaches of the Ganga. It is bounded to the north by a range of peaks i.e. Chaukhamba (7,068m) and Kedarnath (above 6,000m) and in the south by Mandal-Okhimath road varying from 1,100-2,870m (Fig. 1). The climate in the Reserve is considerably influenced by south west-monsoon in summer. Of the mean annual precipitation of 2,665mm and 3,093mm at 1,400m and 3,053m, respectively, in the main study area (Fig. 1), 80% falls during June and September and 11% as snow between December and March. Temperatures are highest in May-June before the arrival of monsoon, and are lowest in the first week of January. The highest and lowest temperatures recorded at 3,050m were 25.0°C and -10°C, respectively. The Reserve is snow bound for three months in the year, following heavy snowfall in December (Green 1986; Pande et al. 2001).

A great variety of vegetation types occur in the reserve, reflecting the complex and diverse climate, geology and topography of the region. The forests here stretch over the mountain slopes in large, dense and continuous patches with closed canopy. Besides, high rainfall, lichens on oak trees, dwarf bamboo, numerous fresh water streams and high plant diversity with more than 650 plant species (Semwal & Gaur 1981; Pande et al. 2001; Singh et al. 2009) are the characteristics of the study area. Interestingly, the distribution of at least seven of 252 bird species found in the study area is known only from much further east in central Nepal (Myers & Singh 2006; Singh & Singh 2007). The sub-tropical, moist-temperate, sub-alpine and alpine zones in the reserve are reflected along an altitudinal gradient, while the tropical zone is absent, as per the classification of Champion & Seth (1968). The sub-tropical zone consists of mixed 'broad-leaved' forest with Ban Oak (Quercus leucotrichophora) and Moru Oak (Q. dilatata) (1,500-2,750m), with Rhododendron arboreum often constituting a second under storey. Below these lie impenetrable thickets of Bamboo (Thamnocalamus sp.), Elm (Ulmus wallichiana), Horse Chestnut (Aesculus indica), Bird Cherry (Prunus padus), Hazel (Corylus colurna), Maple (Acer sp.) which are absent from the lower altitudes, are often associated with moru oak. The temperate zone consists of Karsu Oak (Q. semecarpifolia) forest (2,500-3,300m) along with Maple (Acer caecium), Meliosma dilleniaefolia, Rowan (Sorbus lanata), Yew (Taxus baccata) along with thickets of a Bamboo (T. spathiflorus) and conifer forest with mainly West Himalayan Silver Fir, Abies pindrow (2,600-3,400m) and Rhododendron arboreum. The Sub-alpine zone consists of Birch (Betula utilis), Dwarf Rhododendron (R. campanulatum), Scrub Forest (3,100-3,350m) intermingled with dense clumps of bamboo (T. spathiflorus). The Alpine zone (3,350-3,500m) consists of R. campanulatum scrub above which lie the 'pastures' (above 3,500m) that are dominated by the herb community Danthonia cumminsii, shrubs like Rhododendron lepidotum, R. barbatum and forbs Bistorta sp. (Green 1986).

Butterflies of KMDR have not been previously documented. Published literature from Garhwal Himalaya pertains mainly to areas lying south of KMDR, Dehradun and Tehri Garhwal districts (Mackinnon & De Nicéville 1899; Ollenbach 1930; Evans 1932; Singh & Bhandari 2003) and from adjoining areas of Kumaon Himalaya, Almora and Nainital districts (Doherty 1886; Hannyngton 1910). Besides, 35 species have been

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recorded from Nanda Devi National Park (Fig. 1), lying in the Garhwal Himalaya bordering Kumaon (Baindur 1993; Uniyal 2004).

MATERIALS AND METHODS

The study area lies in the south-eastern part of KMDR between 30°27'72"-30°29'29"N & 79°08'82"-79°17'90"E (Fig. 1). Butterflies were sampled from 13 May 2006 to 6 September 2008 using Pollard walk (Pollard et al. 1975; Walpole & Sheldon 1999). Besides photographing butterflies, voucher specimens were also collected of species that could not be identified in the field. Ten transects of 2km each were trekked, for 1.5h each, on forest trails and Mandal - Okhimath road for sampling butterflies, which was done once in two months on the following trails/routes: Mandal (1,528m) - Anusuyia Devi Temple (2,100m), Mandal - Kanchula Kharak (2,660m), Kanchula Kharak - Chopta (2,870m), Chopta - Tunganth Temple (3,486m) - Chandrashila Peak (3,621m), Maku bend (2,250m) - Maku Math road (2000m) and Duggal Bitta (2,465m) - Tala Village (1,700m). Relative abundance of each species was estimated by adding up the total counts of each individual species for the entire sampling period for all the 10 transects combined. The species counts were then categorized into four groups: rare, uncommon, fairly common and very common, in increasing order of abundance, based on the quartile divisions, from first quartile (Ql) to fourth Quartile (Q4), respectively.

Identification of butterflies was done using the following literature: Marshall & de Nicéville (1882), Moore (1890-1905), Swinhoe (1905-1913), Evans (1932), Talbot (1939, 1947),

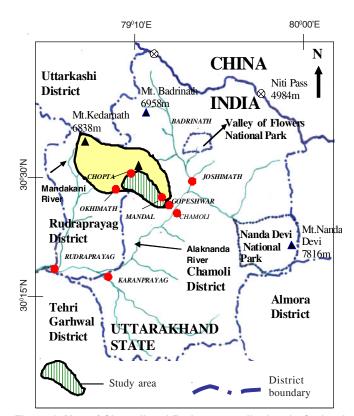


Figure 1. Map of Chamoli and Rudraprayag districts in Garhwal, Uttarakhand state, depicting the location of the study area in Kedarnath Musk Deer Reserve and sites as mentioned in the text.

Wynter-Blyth (1957), D' Abrera (1982, 1985 and 1986), Smith (1989), Haribal (1992) Kunte (2000) and Kehimkar (2008) and also by comparison with identified specimens at the 'National Insect Reference Collection', Entomology Division, Forest Research Institute, Dehradun, India. The classification followed here is based on Ackery (1984).

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

A total of 3617 individuals of 147 species of butterflies were recorded during eleven sampling surveys carried out in KMDR (Table 1). Butterflies were abundant from late April to September. The individual species count for the entire sampling period for all the transects combined, varied from 1 to 522 individuals. The four groups were then differentiated as 'rare' or Q1 = 1; 'uncommon' or Q2 = 2-4; 'fairly common' or Q3 = 5-14; 'very common' or Q4 = 15-522, respectively (median = 3).

Findings included one important range extension into the western Himalayas, the Brown Gorgon, Meandrusa lachinus (Fruhstorfer) syn. M. gyas gyas (Westwood), from north-east India (Singh 2006). Besides, the Bi-spot Royal Ancema ctesia ctesia (Hewitson), and the Powdery Green Sapphire Heliophorous tamu tamu (Kollar) were also recorded here west of Kumaon, the previous western limit of the distribution of these species in the Himalaya (Wynter-Blyth1957; Smith1989; Varshney 1997). Twelve species (marked with an asterisk in the appendix) are listed in Schedules I, II & IV of the Indian Wild life (Protection) Act (1972) as amended up to 2006 (Anon 2006). Except for the Lofty Bath White Pontia callidice; Common Silverstripe Fabriciana kamala; Azure Sapphire Heliophorus androcles moorei and Golden Sapphire H.brahma, the remainder of the 35 species recorded from Nanda Devi National Park (Baindur 1993; Uniyal 2004), were recorded in the present study.

The number of species of swallowtails (Papilionidae) in an areas is an indicator of the over-all species richness of butterflies any where in the Indian Sub-continent (Singh & Pandey 2004). By taking the 'Papilionidae' species proportion as 7.4% of the total number of species occurring in an area in the Western Himalayas (Singh & Pandey 2004) the number of species in the study area, where 13 species of 'Papilionidae' were sampled, was estimated to be ca. 176 species as per this methodology. The present figure of 147 species recorded in the study area in KMDR is ca. 83% of the total number of species estimated in the area. Families, especially, 'Lycaenidae' and 'Hesperiiidae' were under represented, judging from their species proportions of the five major families in the total number of species found in the Western Himalayas (Singh & Pandey 2004). One reason for recording less number of species than estimated could be that only 10-15 percent of the land area in KMDR was sampled due to inaccessible terrain and low lying areas (below 1,300m) under agriculture and high altitude alpine habitats (above 3,800m) were left out. Although sampling was done during every month from March-mid December, however sampling intensity was low as the total sampling period was only 43 days within the two year study period, which could be another reason for missing a number of species.

Table 1. Systematic list of butterflies (Rhopalocera) recorded from Kedarnath Musk Deer Reserve, Chamoli and Rudraprayag districts, Uttarakhand, India (May 2006 - September 2008)

	Species	Common Name	Month	Altitudinal range	Relative abundance
	A. Super family: Papilionoidea I Family: Papilionidae (Swallowtails) a. Sub-family: Parnassinae				
1	Parnassius hardwickei Gray	Common Blue Apollo	June	3,600m	Rare
_	b. Sub-family: Papilioninae	Oaldan Birduina	America de de	4500 0000	Fairly sames
2 3	Troides aeacus aeacus Felder & Felder	Golden Birdwing Common Windmill	April-July	1500-2000m	Fairly common
5 1	Atrophaneura polyeuctes letincius Fruhstorfer		April-May;Sept April-May	1500m-1800m	Uncommon
! 5	Atrophaneura dasarada ravana Moore Atrophaneura latreillei latreillei Donovan	Great Windmill		1500m	Uncommon
6	•	Rose Windmill	June-July	1500-2000m	Very common
	Atrophaneura aidoneus Doubleday Papilio protenor protenor Cramer	Lesser Batwing Spangle	April-May; Sept. April-May;Sept.	1500-2200m 1500-1800m	Uncommon Uncommon
	Papilio bianor polyctor Boisduval	Common Peacock	April-Nay, Sept.	1500-1800III	Fairly common
	Papilio polytes romulus Cramer	Common Mormon	SeptOct.	1500m	Uncommon
0	Papilio machaon Linnaeus	Common Yellow Swallowtail	SeptOct.	1500m	Uncommon
1	Pazala eurous cashmirensis Rothschild	Sixbar Swordtail	April-May	2000-2300m	Fairly common
2	Graphium cloanthus cloanthus Westwood	Glassy Blue Bottle	April-May; Sept-Oct.		Fairly common
3	Meandrusa lachinus Fruhstorfer*	Brown Gorgon	April-Oct.	1600-2300m	Fairly common
	Il Family: Pieridae (White and Yellows) a. Sub-family: Pierinae				
4	Pieris daplidice moorei Röber	Bath White	April-Sept.	1500-1800m	Uncommon
5	Pieris montana ajaka Moore	Mountain Green-veined White	June-July	1500-2000m	Very common
6	Pieris canidia indica Evans	Indian Cabbage White	June-Oct.	1500-2000m	Very common
7	Pieris brassicae Linnaeus	Large Cabbage White	April, Oct.	1500-1700m	Very common
8	Aporia leucodice soracta Moore	Himalayan Black Vein	June-July	1500-1800m	Fairly common
9	Aporia agathon caphusa Moore	Great Black Vein	May-July	1500m	Very common
)	Delias belladonna horsfieldii Gray	Hill Jezebel	April-Oct.	1500-1700m	Fairly common
1	b. Sub-family: Coliadinae	Common Emigrant	Anville Cont. Oct	1500m	Unaamman
2	Catopsilia pomona Fabricius Catopsilia pyranthe Linnaeus	Common Emigrant Mottled Emigrant	April; SeptOct. Nov.	1500m 1500m	Uncommon Uncommon
3	Gonepteryx rhamni nepalensis Doubleday	Common Brimstone	April-Nov.	1500-2000m	Very common
, ļ	Eurema blanda silhetana Wallace	Three Spot Grass Yellow	July, SeptOct.	1500-2000m	Very common
5	Eurema brigitta rubella Wallace	Small Grass Yellow	SeptOct.	1500m	Fairly common
6	Colias fieldii Menétriés	Dark Clouded Yellow	April-Nov.	1500-3400m	Very common
7	Colias erate Esper	Pale Clouded Yellow	March	1800-2200m	Uncommon
	III Family: Lycaenidae a. Sub-family: Curetinae				
.8	Curetis bulis Westwood	Bright Sunbeam	June-July;Sept	1700m	Uncommon
	b. Sub-family: Theclinae				
9	Chrysozephyrus syla Kollar	Silver Hairstreak	Sept.	2500m	Rare
)	Chrysozephyrus birupa Moore	Fawn Hairstreak	June-July;Sept.	2000m	Uncommon
1	Euaspa ziha Hewitson	White Spotted Hairstreak	May	2100m	Rare
2 3	Chaetoprocta odata Hewitson	Walnut Blue	May	1500m	Uncommon
3 1	Arhopala rama rama Kollar Panchala paraganesa paraganesa de Nicéville	Dark Himalayan Oakblue Dusky Bushblue	June, Nov. June-July	1500-2000m 2000m	Uncommon Uncommon
† 5	Spindasis nipalicus nipalicus Moore	Silver-grey Silverline	May	1500m	Uncommon
6	Tajuria diaeus Hewitson*	Straightline Royal	Nov.	1500-2000m	Uncommon
7	Ancema ctesia ctesia Hewitson	Bi-spot Royal	July-Oct.	1500-1600m	Uncommon
3	Pratapa iceta icetas Hewitson*	Dark Blue Royal	May	1800m	Rare
9	Chliaria kina kina Hewitson*	Blue Tit	Oct.	1650m	Rare
)	Deudorix epijarbas ancus Fruhstorfer	Cornelian	Nov.	1700m	Rare
1	Rapala selira Moore	Himalayan Red Flash	April-May	1800m	Very common
0	c. Sub-family: Lycaeninae	White hardened Or	Amel Index At-	1500 0000	Fairly
2 3	Lycaena pavana Kollar	White-bordered Copper	April-July; Nov.	1500-2800m	Fairly common
3 4	Lycaena phlaeas indicus Evans Heliophorus tamu tamu Kollar	Common Copper Powdery Green Sapphire	May-June April-Oct.	3000m 1500-2700m	Fairly common Very common
+ 5	Heliophorus sena Kollar	Sorrel Sapphire	Sept Nov.	1500-2700m	Very common
	d. Sub-family: Polyommatinae				
6	Everes diporides Chapman*	Chapman's Cupid	April;Sept.	1500-2000m	Uncommon
7	Acytolepis puspa gisca Fruhstorfer	Common Hedge Blue	June-July; OctNov.		Very common
3	Celatoxia marginata de Nicéville	Margined Hedge Blue	June	2000m	Fairly common
9	Udara dilecta Moore	Pale Hedge Blue	July	1800-2400m	Very common
)	Udara albocaerulea Moore	Albocerulean	May	1600m	Rare
	Celastrina gigas Hemming	Silvery Hedge Blue	April-June; Sept-Oct.		Very common
2	Celastrina huegeli Moore Celastrina argiolus Linnaeus	Large Hedge Blue Hill Hedge Blue	AprOct. May	1500-2200m 1600m	Very common Fairly common
1	Zizeeria karsandra Moore	Dark Grass Blue	June-July; SeptOct.		Very common
	Pseudozizeeria maha maha Kollar	Pale Grass Blue	Sept-Nov	1500-1700m	Very common
	. JUGGOLIE OUTA THATA THATA TOURA	. alo alabo blab	Jopt 110V	.555 2555111	. 513 5511111011
5 6	Lampides boeticus Linnaeus*	Pea Blue	April, July, Nov.	1500-2000m	Fairly common

	Species	Common Name	Month	Altitudinal range	Relative abundan
	e. Sub-family: Riodininae				
8	Dodona eugenes eugenes Bates	Tailed Punch	April-May; Oct.	1800-2000m	Uncommon
59	Dodona dipoea nostia Fruhstorfer*	Lesser Punch	May-June;Sept	1400-2,000m	Fairly common
60	Dodona durga Kollar	Common Punch	May-June; SeptOct.	1500-1800m	Fairly common
61	Zemeros flegyas indicus Fruhstorfer	Punchinello	April	1600-1800m	Rare
32	Abisara fylla Doubleday	Dark Judy	May; SeptOct.	1500-1800m	Fairly common
	IV Family: Nymphalidae				
3	a. Sub family: Satyrinae Mycalesis nicotia Westwood	Bright-eye Bushbrown	June-July	1750m	Rare
4	Mycalesis perseus blasius Fabricius	Common Bushbrown	Sept.	1400-1700m	Fairly common
5	Mycalesis francisca sanatana Moore	Lilacine Bushbrown	April-May	2000-2200m	Uncommon
5 6	Lethe sidonis vaivarta Doherty	Common Woodbrown	July, Sept.	1500-1700m	Very common
7		Barred Woodbrown		2000-2500m	Fairly common
	Lethe maitrya de Nicéville	Scarce Woodbrown	June-July		Uncommon
3	Lethe siderea Marshall		June-July	1700-2400m	
9	Lethe insana insana Kollar	Common Forester	May;Sept	2000-2200mm	Uncommon
)	Lethe verma verma Kollar	Straight-banded Treebrown	June-Sept.	1500-1800m	Very common
1	Lethe baladeva aisa Fruhstorfer	Treble Silverstripe	June	2000m	Rare
2	Zophoessa goalpara narkanda Fruhstorfer	Large Goldenfork	Sept.	2200m	Rare
3	Neope yama yama Moore	Dusky Labyrinth	Sept.	2000m	Rare
1	Neope pulaha pulaha Moore	Veined Labyrinth	April -July	1500-1800m	Uncommon
5	Melanitis phedima galkissa Fruhstorfer	Dark Evening Brown	Oct.	1600m	Rare
6	Dallacha hyagriva hyagriva Moore	Brown Argus	Sept.	1700m	Rare
7	Callerebia annada caeca Watkins	Ringed Argus	May-July;Sept	1600-2500m	Very common
	Callerebia hybrida Butler?	Hybrid Argus	June-July	1500-2300m	Very common
)	Callerebia scanda scanda Kollar	Pallid Argus	SeptOct.	1800-2000m	Uncommon
)	Callerebia nirmala nirmala Moore	Common Argus	July	1500m	Very common
	Ypthima nareda nareda Kollar	Large Three Ring	May;Sept	1700-2000m	Uncommon
	Ypthima sakra nikaea Moore	Himalayan Five Ring	April-Oct.	1500-2300m	Very common
3	Ypthima baldus baldus Fabricius	Common Five Ring	June	1500-1700m	Uncommon
ļ	Ypthima indecora Moore	Western Five Ring	March-May;Sept	1500-2200m	Fairly common
;	Orinoma damaris Gray	Tiger Brown	July-Nov.	1600-2000m	Fairly common
;	Raphicera moorei Butler	Small Tawny Wall	July	2300m	Uncommon
,	Pararge schakra Kollar	Common Wall	June-Oct.	1700-2500m	Fairly common
}	Aulocera swaha swaha Kollar	Common Satyr	April-Oct.	1800-2000m	Very common
)	Aulocera Ioha Doherty	Great Satyr	July-Sept.	2000m	Fairly common
)	Aulocera brahminus dokwana Evans	Narrow Banded Satyr	July- Sept.	3,500m	Rare
1	b. Sub-family: Charaxinae Polyura dolon dolon Westwood	Stately Nawab	Мау	2700m	Rare
	c. Sub-family: Apaturinae				_
2	Dilipa morgiana Westwood *	Golden Emperor	March	1600m	Rare
3	Sephisa dichroa Kollar	Western Courtier	May-Oct.	1500-2000m	Fairly common
-	Apatura ambica ambica Kollar	Indian Purple Emperor	Sept.	1700m	Rare
,	Dichorragia nesimachus Boisduval	Constable	May	1500-2400m	Rare
6	Stibochiona nicea nicea Gray	Popinjay	April-May; SeptOct.	1600-1700m	Uncommon
	d. Sub-family: Nymphalinae				
7	Auzakia danava Moore	Commodore	April-May	1600-2000m	Uncommon
3	Athyma asura asura Moore	Studded Sergeant	SeptOct.	2000m	Rare
	Athyma selenophora Moore	Staff Sergeant	Nov.	1500m	Rare
0	Athyma opalina opalina Kollar	Himalayan Sergeant	April-Nov.	1500-2400m	Very common
1	Neptis ananta ananta Moore	Yellow Sailer	April-July	1500-1800m	Fairly common
2	Neptis soma butleri Eliot		April-May; SeptOct.	1500-2000m	Very common
3	Neptis mahendra Moore	Himalayan Sailer	April-Oct.	1500-2000m	Very common
4	Neptis sappho astola Moore	Pallas' Sailer	April	1500-2000m	Common
5	Neptis sankara sankara Kollar	Broad-banded Sailer	May;Sept	1400-1800mm	Uncommon
6	Cyrestis thyodamas ganescha Kollar	Common Map	May-Oct.	1500-1700m	Fairly common
7	Hypolimnas misippus Linnaeus	Danaid Eggfly	Sept.	1700m	Uncommon
8	Kallima inachus huegeli Kollar	Orange Oakleaf	April-Sept.	1500-1700m	Uncommon
9	Psuedergolis wedah Kollar	Tabby	May-June; SeptOct.		Fairly common
0	Phalantha phalantha Drury	Common Leopard	September	1700m	Rare
1	Precis iphita iphita Cramer	Chocolate Soldier	April-Oct.	1500-2000m	Very common
2	Cynthia cardui Linnaeus	Painted Lady	April-June; Nov.	1500-3700m	Very common
3	Kaniska canace himalaya Evans	Blue Admiral	June-Oct.	1500-3700m	Uncommon
4	Vanessa indica indica Herbst	Indian Red Admiral	April-June; SeptNov		Very common
4 5	Aglais cashmirensis aesis Fruhstorfer	Indian Red Admirai Indian Tortoiseshell	April-May; SeptNov		Very common
6	Nymphalis xanthomelas fervescens Stichel	Large Tortoiseshell	April-May	3600m	Uncommon
7	Polygonia egea agnicula Moore	Eastern Comma	August-Oct.	2700-3500m	Uncommon
8	Symbrenthia lilaea khasiana Moore	Common Jester	May; SeptNov.	1500-1800m	Fairly common
9	Symbrenthia hypselis cotanda Moore	Spotted Jester	April-Oct.	1500-2000m	Fairly common
20	Symbrenthia brabira Moore	Himalayan Jester	April-Oct.	1500-1800m	Uncommon
21	Argyreus hyperbius hyperbius Linnaeus	Indian Fritillary	April	1700m	Fairly common
	Childrena childreni Gray	Large Silverstripe	SeptOct.	1500-1800m	Rare
22					
22 23 24	Issoria issaea Moore Euthalia patala patala Kollar	Queen of Spain Fritillary Grand Duchess	April-July June-July	1700-3500m 1600-2000m	Fairly common Fairly common

	Species	Common Name	Month	Altitudinal range	Relative abundance
	e. Sub-family: Acraeinae				
25	Pareba vesta Fabricius	Yellow Coster	AugSept.	1400-1500m	Uncommon
	f. Sub-family: Danainae				
26	Parantica sita Kollar	Chestnut Tiger	April-Oct.	1500-2200m	Very common
27	Danaus genutia Cramer	Common Tiger	May	1500m	Rare
28	Euploea mulciber mulciber Cramer*	Striped Blue Crow	April-July	1500m	Uncommon
129	Euploea core Cramer	Common Indian Crow	SeptOct.	1500m	Rare
	g. Sub-family: Libytheinae				
30	Libythea lepita lepita Moore*	Common Beak	April-May	1500-1800m	Uncommon
	B. Super Family: Hesperioidea				
	I Family: Hesperiidae				
	a. Sub-family: Coeliadinae				
31	Bibasis jaina jaina Moore	Orange Awlet	Nov.	1700 m	Rare
32	Choaspes benjaminii xanthropogon Kollar	Indian Awlking	Sept.	1800-2100m	Uncommon
	b. Sub-family: Pyrginae				
33	Celaenorrhinus leucocera leucocera Kollar	Common Spotted Flat	June-July	2000-2500m	Uncommon
34	Celaenorrhinus dhanada Moore	Himalayan Yellow Flat	Sept.	2000m	Rare
35	Celaenorrhinus pero pero de Nicéville	Mussoorie Spotted Flat	June-July	1500-2500m	Very common
36	Tagiades menaka Moore	Spotted Snow Flat	May-July	1500-2000m	Uncommon
137	Pseudocoladenia dan fatih Kollar	Fulvous Pied Flat	June; SeptOct.	1500-2000m	Fairly common
	c. Sub-family: Hesperiinae				
38	Aeromachus dubius dubius Elwes & Edwards	Dingy Scrub Hopper	Sept.	1700-800 m	Uncommon
39	Sovia grahami Evans	Graham's Ace	May	1700m	Rare
10	Pedesta masuriensis masuriensis Moore	Mussoorie Bush Bob	May	1800m	Rare
1	Notocrypta feisthamelii alysos Moore	Spotted Demon	April-July;Sept	1500-2500m	Fairly common
12	Potanthus dara Kollar	Himalayan Grass Dart	May	1700m	Rare
13	Potanthus pseudomaesa clio Evans	Indian Dart	Sept	1500-1800m	Common
14	Parnara guttatus guttatus Brem.	Straight Swift	Sept.	1500m	Rare
45	Polytremis discreta discreta Elwes & Edwards*	Himalayan Swift	July	1500-1800m	Rare
46	Polytremis eltola Hewitson	Yellow Spot Swift	April-May; SeptOct.		Common
47	Pelopias mathias mathias Fabricius	Small-branded Swift	July	1700m	Uncommon

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Image 1. Moist temperate forest



Image 2. Sub-alpine zone with Rhododendron campanulatum shrubberies



Image 3. Orange Awlet, *Bibasis jaina* (upper)



Image 4. Himalayan Dart, *Potanthus dara* (upper)



Image 5. Mussoorie Bush Bob, Pedesta masuriensis (under)



Image 6. Striaight Swift, Parnara guttatus (upper)



Image 7. Yellow-spot Swift, Polytremis eltola (under)



Image 8. Common Spotted Flat, Celaenorrhinus leucocera (upper)



Image 9. Fulvous-pied Flat,
Pseudocoladenia dan fatih (upper)



Image 10. Mussoorie Spotted Flat, Celaenorrhinus pero (upper)



Image 11. White Spotted Hairstreak *Euaspa ziha* (under)



Image 12. Powdery Green Sapphire, Heliophorus tamu - females



Image 13. Powdery Green Sapphire, *Heliophorus tamu* - male



Image 14. Sorrel Sapphire, Heliophorus sena (under)



Image 15. Sorrel Sapphire, Heliophorus sena (upper)



Image 16. White-bordered Copper, Lycaena pavana



Image 17. White-bordered Copper Lycaena pavana 2



Image 18. Albocerulean, *Udara albocaerulea* (under)



Image 19. Chapmans Cupid, Everes diporides



Image 20. Common Hedge Blue, Acytolepis puspa -female (upper)



Image 21. Common Hedge Blue, Acytolepis puspa (under)



Image 22. Common Hedgeblue, Acytolepis puspa - female (under)



Image 23. Margined Hedge Blue, *Celatoxia marginata* -male (under)



Image 24. Margined Hedge Blue, Celatoxia marginata (upper)



Image 25. Pea Blue, Lampides boeticus (upper)



Image 26. Silvery Hedge Blue, Celastrina gigas (under)



Image 27. Common Punch, Dodona durga



Image 28. Dark Judy, Abisara fylla



Image 29. Punchinello, *Zemeros flegyas* (upper)



Image 30. Tailed Punch, *Dodona*



Image 31. Bi-Spot Royal, *Ancema ctesia* (under)



Image 32. Bi-spot Royal, *Ancema ctesia* (upper)



Image 33. Blue Tit, Chilaria kina



Image 34. Cornelian, *Deudorix epijarbas* (upper)



Image 35. Cornelian, *Deudorix* epijarbas (under)



Image 36. Dark Himalayan Oakblue, *Arhopala rama*



Oakblue, *Arhopala rama* (upper)



Image 38. Dusky Bush Blue, Panchala paraganesa (under)



Image 39. Himalayan Red Flash, Rapala selira (under)



Image 40. Himalayan Red Flash, Rapala selira (upper)



Image 41. Silver Hairstreak, Chrysozephyrus syla male



Image 42. Silver Hairstreak, Chrysozephyrus syla M & F



Image 43. Silver Hairstreak, Chrysozephyrus syla male - 3



Image 44. Straightline Royal, *Tajuria diaeus* Female (upper)



Image 45. Straightline Royal, *Tajuria diaeus* Male (under)



Image 46. Straightline Royal, *Tajuria diaeus* Male (upper)



Image 47. Yellow Coster, *Pareba vesta* (upper)



Image 48. Golden Emperor, *Dilipa morgiana* (upper)



Image 49. Popinjay, *Stibochiona nicea* (under)



Image 50. Western Courtier, Sephisa dichroa



Image 51. Chestnut Tiger, Parantica sita



Image 52. Common Indian Crow, *Euploea core*



Image 53. Common Beak, *Libythea lepita* (upper)



Image 54. Blue Admiral, *Kaniska canace* (upper)



Image 55. Chocolate Soldier, *Precis iphita* (upper)



Image 56. Common Jester, Symbrenthia lilaea (under)



Image 57. Common Map, *Cyrestis thyodamas* (upper)



Image 58. Pallas' Sailor, Neptis sappho astola (upper)



Image 59. Danaid Eggfly, *Hypolimnas misippus* (form inaria) (upper)



Image 60. Eastern Comma, Polygonia egea agnicula (upper)



Image 61. Grand Duchess, *Euthalia patala* (upper)



Image 62. Himalayan Jester, Symbrenthia brabira (upper)



Image 63. Himalayan Jester Symbrenthia brabira



Image 64. Himalayan Sailer, *Neptis mahendra* (under)



Image 65. Himalayan Sailer, *Neptis* mahendra (upper)



Image 66. Himalayan Sergeant Athyma opalina (upper)



Image 67. Indian Fritillary,
Argyreus hyperbius female (upper)



Image 68. Indian Red Admiral, Vanessa indica (upper)



Image 69. Indian Tortoiseshell, Aglais cashmirensis (upper)



Image 70. Large Silverstripe, Childrena childreni (upper)



Image 71. Large Silverstripe, Childrena childreni



Image 72. Large Tortoiseshell, *Nymphalis xanthomelas* (upper)



Image 73. Orange Oak Leaf, Kallima inachus (under)



Image 74. Staff Sergeant, *Athyma* cama (upper)



Image 75. Painted Lady, *Cynthia cardui* (upper)



Image 76.Queen of Spain Fritillary, Issoria lathonia (upper)



Image 77. Studded Sergeant, *Athyma asura* (under)



Image 78. Tabby, *Psuedergolis* wedah (upper)



Image 79. Yellow Sailer, Neptis ananta (upper)



Image 80. Bright-eye Bushbrown, Mycalesis nicotia (under)



Image 81. Bright-eye Bushbrown, *Mycalesis nicotia* (upper)



Image 82. Common Argus, Callerebia nirmala (under)



Image 83. Common Satyr, Aulocera swaha



Image 84. Common Satyr, Aulocera swaha (under)



Image 85. Common Wall, *Pararge schakra* (upper)



Image 86. Common Wood Brown, Lethe sidonis (under)



Image 87. Dark Evening Brown, Melanitis phedima (upper)



Image 88. Dark Evening Brown, *Melanitis phedima* (under)



Image 89. Dusky Labyrinth, *Neope yama* (upper)



Image 90. Great Satyr, Aulocera padma (under)



Image 91. Himalayan Five Ring, *Ypthima sakra*



Image 92. Hybrid Argus, *Callerebia hybrida* (under)



Image 93. Large Goldenfork, Zophoessa goalpara (under)



Image 94. Large Goldenfork, Zophoessa goalpara (upper)



Image 95. Large Three Ring, Ypthima nareda (under)



Image 96. Large Three Ring, Ypthima nareda (upper)



Image 97. Narrow-banded Satyr, *Aulocera brahminus* (under)



Image 98. Pallied Argus, *Callerebia* scanda (under)



Image 99. Pallied Argus, *Callerebia scanda* (under)



Image 100. Ringed Argus, Callerebia annada (under)



Image 101. Small Tawny Wall, Raphicera moorei (upper)



Image 102. Straight-banded Tree Brown, *Lethe verma* (under)



Image 103. TigerBrown, *Orinoma damaris* (upper)



Image 104. Viened Labyrinth, Neope pulaha (under)



Image 105. Viened Labyrinth, Neope pulaha (upper)



Image 106. Western Five Ring, *Ypthima indecorum* (upper)



Image 107. Brown Gorgon, Meandrusa lachinus female



Image 108. Great Windmill, Atrophaneura dasarada



Image 109. Common Yellow Swallowtail, *Papilio machaon*



Image 110. Glassy Blue Bottle, *Graphium cloanthus*



Image 111. Golden Birdwing, *Troides aeacus*



Image 112. Common Windmill, Atrophaneura polyeuctes



Image 113. Common Peacock, Papilio bianor polyctor



Image 114. Common Peacock, Papilio bianor polyctor



Image 115. Rose Windmill, *Atrophaneura latreillei*



Image 116. Spangle, *Papilio* protenor



117. Common Brimstone, Gonepteryx rhamni



118. Dark Clouded Yellow, Colias fieldi



Image 119. Small Grass Yellow, Eurema brigitta (upper)



Image 120. Small Grass Yellow, *Eurema brigitta* (under)



Image 121. Bath White, Pieris daplidice



Image 122. Great Black Vein, *Aporia agathon*



Image 123. Hill Jezebell, *Delias* belladonna (upper)



Image 124. Hill Jezebell, *Delias* belladonna



Image 125. Himalayan Black Vein, *Aporia leucodice*



Image 126. Large Cabbage White, Pieris brassicae



Image 127. Mountain Green-veined White, *Pieris montana* (under)



Image 128. Mountain Green-veined White, *Pieris montana* (upper)



Image 129. Sixbar Swordtail, Pazala eurous (upper)



Image 130. Large Tortoiseshell, Nymphalis xanthomelas (upper)



Image 131. Brown Argus, *Dallacha hyagriva* (under)



Image 132. Common Leopard, Phalantha phalantha



Image 133. Dingy Scrub Hopper, *Aeromachus dubius* (upper)



Image 134. Himalayan Yellow Flat, *Celaenorrhinus dhanada* (upper)



Image 135. Indian Dart, *Potanthus pseudomaesa clio* (upper)



Image 136. Purple Emperor, Apatura ambica - female (upper)



Image 137. Red Himalayan Flash, Rapala selira (under)



Image 138. Treble Silverstripe, Lethe baldeva aisa (under)



Image 139. Common Five Ring, *Ypthima baldus* (under)



Image 140. Golden Birdwing, Troides aeacus female (under)



Image 141. Himalayan Five Ring, *Ypthima nikaea* (under)



Image 142. Large Hedge Blue, Celasrina huegelii (under)

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